

Karlsruhe Institute of Technology

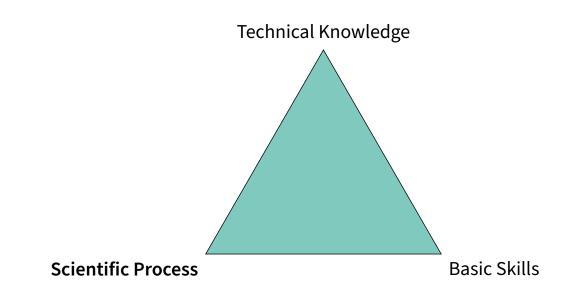
Privacy und Technischer Datenschutz Seminar SS2023 Organisation & Topics

Patricia Guerra-Balboa

April 13, 2023

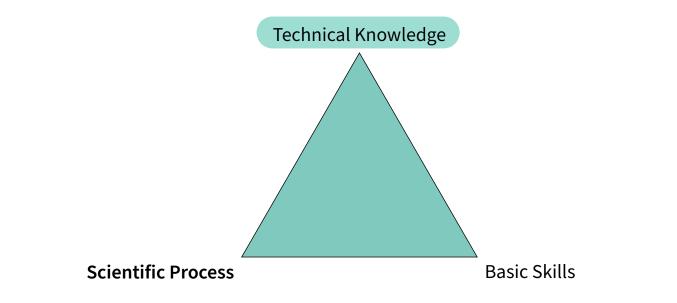
## Seminar goals





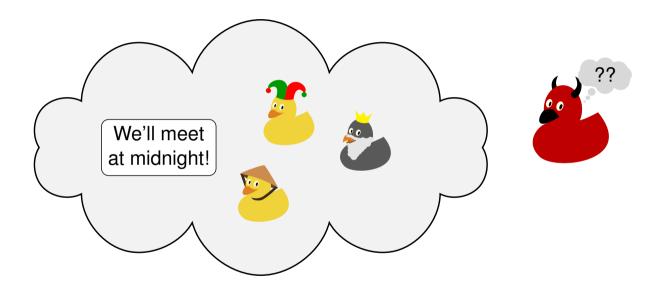
## Seminar goals





#### **Anonymous Communcation**

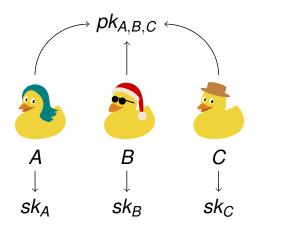




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# Topic 1: Distributed Key Generation (DKG)





- DKG allows group A, B, C to collaboratively generate a key pair for their group.
- $pk_{A,B,C}$  represents all group members
- Each member has a share of the secret
- The entire secret sk<sub>A,B,C</sub> can only be reconstructed (e.g. for decryption) if all members participate.

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#### **Topic 1: Distributed Key Generation**



- DKG is very useful for anonymous communication (e.g., for threshold signature schemes)
- To build anonymous communication protocols, we should understand the underlying building blocks!

#### Your Task

Survey existing DKG approaches and categorize them, e.g., based on underlying assumptions, overhead, and additional functionality.

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## **Analyzing Riot Dynamics**



Student protests in Hong Kong, 2014. Source: [1]



Police arrest a man with a »No War« sign in Moscow, 2022. Source: [2]

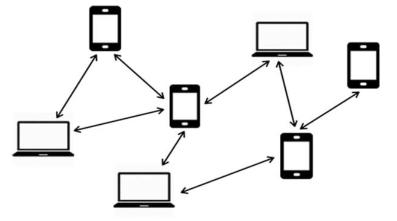
## **Analyzing Riot Dynamics**

- Our goals:
  - Create communication during protests without central infrastructure
  - Evaluate performance
  - Needs protesters' behavior

## **Analyzing Riot Dynamics**

- Our goals:
  - Create communication during protests without central infrastructure
  - Evaluate performance
  - Needs protesters' behavior
- This seminar:
  - Literature search for existing work (analysis, models, tools)
  - Summarize your findings
  - See for example [3, 4, 7, 9]

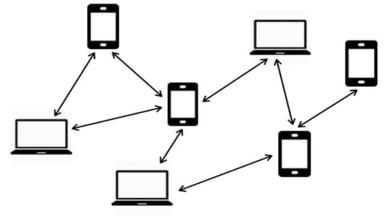
## A Survey of MANET Communication Approaches



- »Mobile Ad-Hoc Network«
- Our goals:
  - Route information from device to device
  - Performance, security, anonymity in a protest

Source: [5]

## A Survey of MANET Communication Approaches

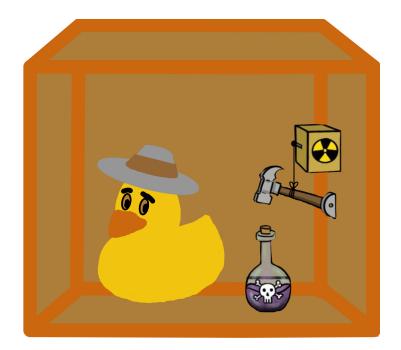


Source: [5]

- »Mobile Ad-Hoc Network«
- Our goals:
  - Route information from device to device
  - Performance, security, anonymity in a protest
- This seminar:
  - Summarize existing approaches
  - Compare their (dis)advantages
  - See for example [6, 8, 10]

## Quantum Privacy





### Neighbouring Quantum States in QDP



- Neighbouring quantum states
- Quantum differential privacy
- Distinguishability measures:
- Trace distance
- Quantum fidelity
- Quantum relative entropy
- Wasserstein distance



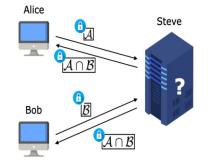
#### Private Set Intersection



- PSI is a problem within the field of secure computation.
- Two-party PSI, hold a set of *m* items:
  - $A = \{a_1, \ldots, a_m\}, B = \{b_1, \ldots, b_m\}$
- The goal: obtain the intersection  $A \cap B$ .

MPC

Survey quantum approches

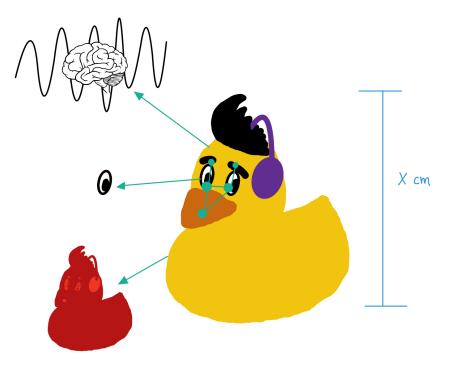


[3] Server-aided PSI



## Biometrics





## *Topic:* Supervisor: Julian Todt **A survey on privacy of ubiquitous EMR receivers**



- EMR receivers are ubiquitous
- Privacy implications are known for some
  - Other receivers?
- Goal: Survey existing literature that analyses the privacy impact of EMR receivers



Anghelone, David, Cunjian Chen, Arun Ross, and Antitza Dantcheva. "Beyond the Visible: A Survey on Cross-Spectral Face Recognition."



#### Sensor Permission for AR & VR

Augmented Reality (AR) and Virtual Reality (VR) capture a lot of data

Existing permissions systems (e.g. as in Android, iOS) will fail to protect user privacy in AR/VR

What are alternatives to design permission systems for sensors?

How can we protect user privacy in AR/VR?

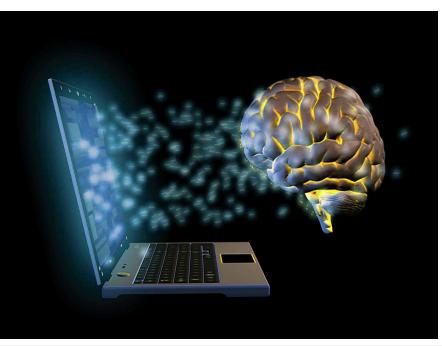


Praktische IT-Sicherheit (PS) Institut für Informationssicherheit und Verlässlichkeit

## Language Processing in the Brain



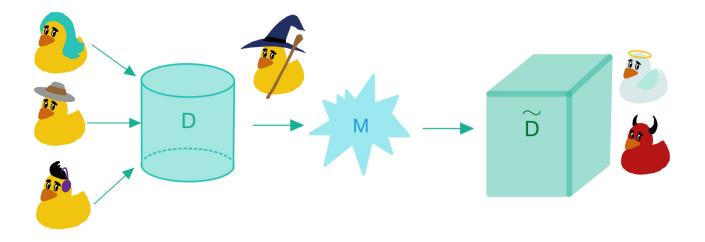
- Method?
- Limitations?



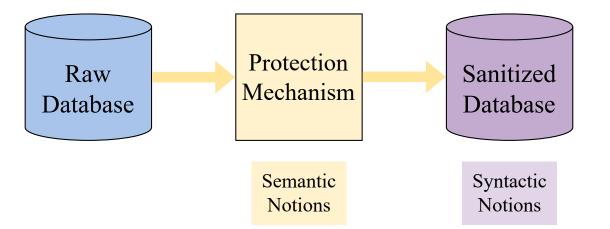


## Statistical Disclosure Control





#### A Relationship Between Syntactic and Semantic Privacy Àlex Miranda-Pascual

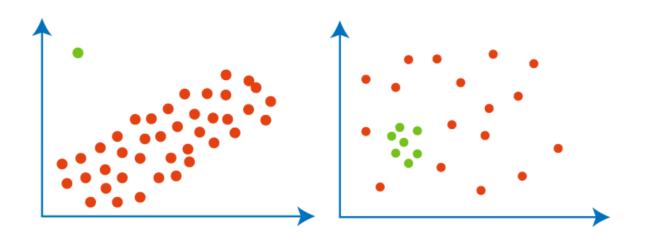




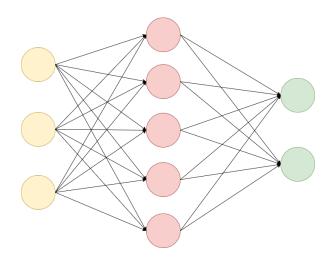
#### Differentially Private Outlier Detection

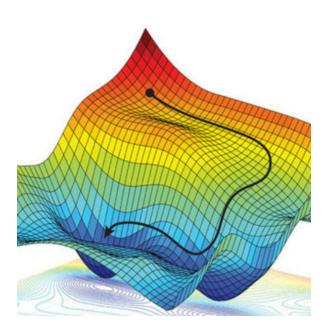


Àlex Miranda-Pascual



#### An Introduction to DP Stochastic Gradient Descent Àlex Miranda-Pascual

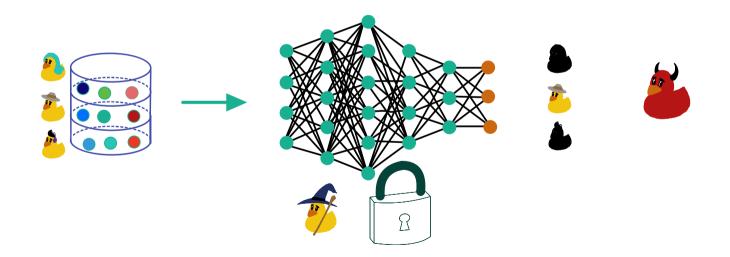






## Topic 1: Correlation framework in DP



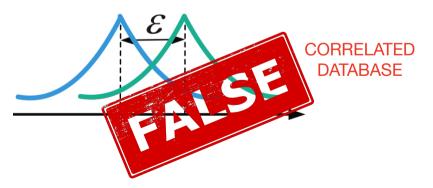


## Topic 1: Correlation framework in DP



$$\mathcal{L}^{r}_{M(D)||M(D')} = ln\left(\frac{\mathbb{P}(M(D) = r)}{\mathbb{P}(M(D') = r)}\right)^{\text{FALSE}}$$





## Topic 2: Topology of Privacy





#### In mathematics:

topology = geometric properties

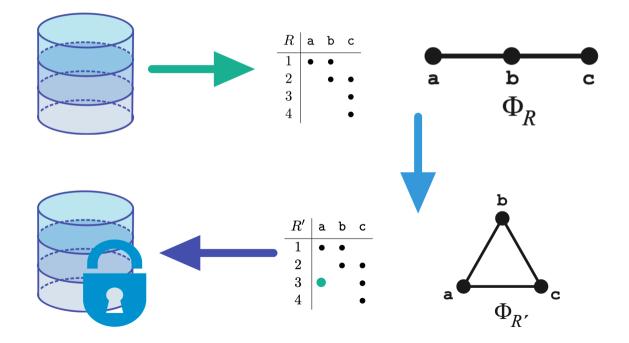






## Topic 2: Topology of Privacy

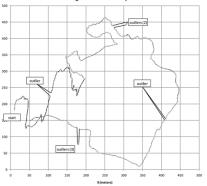


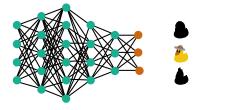


## Topic 3: Correlation-based Attacks









Walking Path Measured by GPS

## **Topic Preferences list**



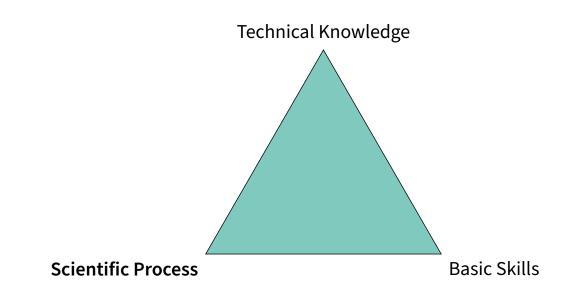
- Send a list by mail to: patricia.balboa@kit.edu
- Deadline: 23.04.2023
- The mail should include:
  - Your complete name
  - The name of the seminar
  - A list of topic numbers ordered by preference (first been your first option an so on)



Figure 1: Numbers can be checked in our web page https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139\_814.php

## Seminar goals







- 1. Pick topic
- 2. Make a contribution
- 3. Write and submit a paper
- 4. Get reviews from peers
- 5. Revise paper (and get accepted)
- 6. Present contribution at the conference





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## Our scientific conference



- 1. Pick topic ( Choose from our selection )
- 2. Make a contribution: Find and read literature on your topic. Understand and analyze! Be critical! Obtain results!
- 3. Write and submit a paper. Think about structure, writing style...
- 4. Get reviews from peers Review other students' work
- 5. Revise paper (and get accepted)
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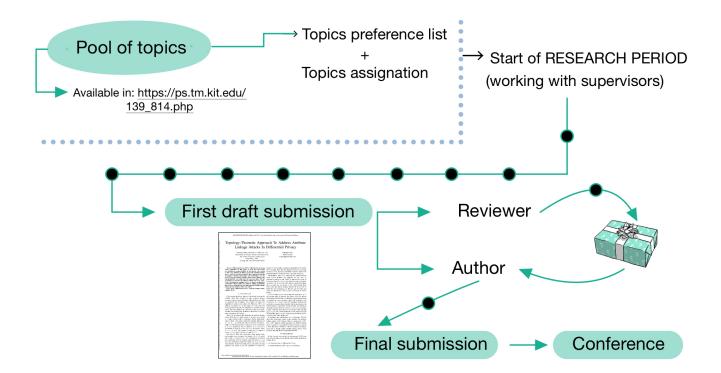
# Our scientific conference



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  P → Slide 10
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## Seminar Structure





### Your Paper



- English
- No template
- No required number of pages (typically something between 6-10 pages)

#### **Possible contributions:**

systematization and comparison of existing results, discover flaws in existing works, suggest and argue ideas for new solutions or research directions and more...

# Submitting and Reviewing





Figure 1: Web-based conference management system (EasyChair)

- Register: 2 roles (you can switch between). Author and Program Committee Member (after you accept our invitation).
- Submit (author role) via: https://easychair.org/conferences/?conf=ptd23
- Review (PC member role): Access to papers via EasyChair.
- Submitting reviews via EasyChair ("Reviews" → "My papers" → "Add review")

## Giving & Receiving Feedback



#### Giving:

You will review 2 papers

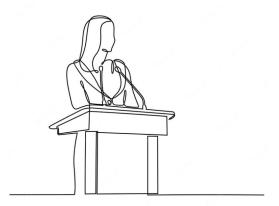


#### Receiving

You will receive 3 reviews

### Presentations

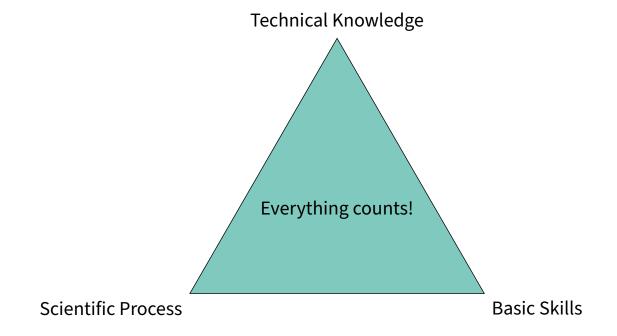
- English with slides
- 20 or 30 minutes of presentation (depends on the number of participants)
- 10 or 15 minutes of discussion (depends on the number of participants)
- Participate actively in the discussion of other topics





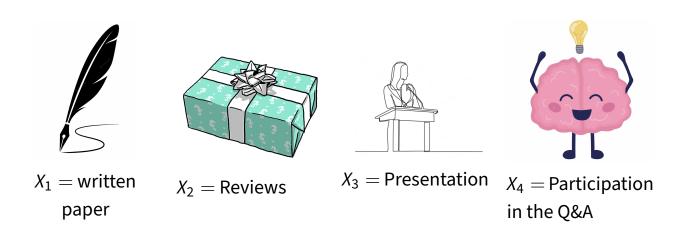
# **Evaluation & Grades**





### **Evaluation & Grades**





#### Final Grade:

$$0.4 * X_1 + 0.3 * X_3 + 0.2 * X_2 + 0.1 * X_4$$

# Timeplan



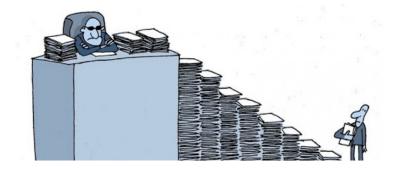
Date	Milestone
18.4.2023	Topic presentation
25.4.2023	Basic Skills
23.4.2023	Topic preferences due
24.4.2023	Topic assignment (contact your mentor!)
25.6.2023	Paper submission deadline
02.7.2023	Reviews deadline
09.7.2023	Revised paper deadline
~17.7.202	3 Presentation at our conference

Table 1: Timeplan updates in our webpage https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139\_814.php

#### Bureaucracy



- Always inform if you decide to drop out!
- The deadline for abandoning the seminar is 25.6.2023. After this date, you will start to be evaluated and therefore it is not possible to quit.
- In case of problems with the campus system contact our secretary: hildegard.sauer@kit.edu



# **Getting information**



#### Organization:

- These slides
- Email: patricia.balboa@kit.edu
- Course website

https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139\_814.php



#### **Topic:**

- Course website https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139\_814.php
- Email to potential supervisors: https://ps.tm.kit.edu/english/21.php

### Seminar Goals



