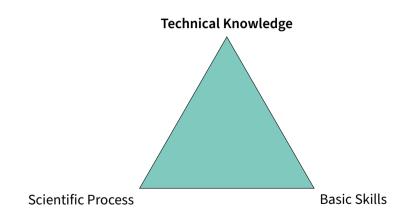


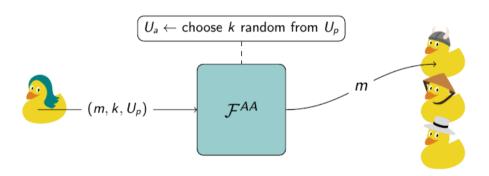
Seminar goals





Anonymous Communication





#1 Continuous Group Key Agreement (Christoph Coijanovic)



Continuous Group Key Agreement (CGKA)

CGKA lets a group of users derive a shared key that can be updated (e.g., periodically or when a new member joins). With CGKA, group chats can be *forward secret* and *post-compromise secure*.

There is currently much academic interest in CGKA due to an effort by the IETF to standardize it as "IETF MLS"

Your Task

- Find state of the art in CGKA
- How compatible are different approaches with each other and MLS?

If you have any questions that Daniel cannot answer, send me an email at christoph.coijanovic@kit.edu















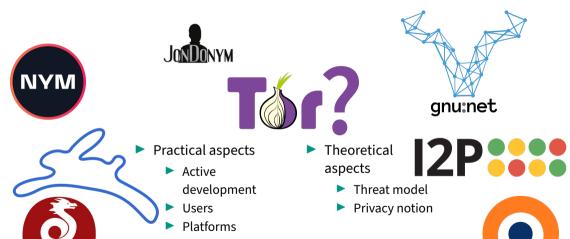




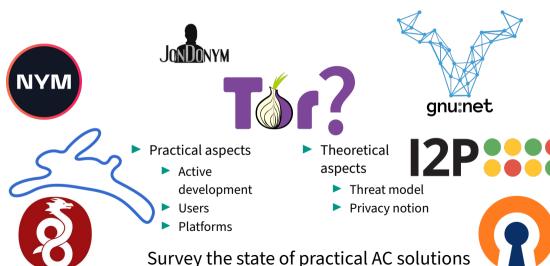






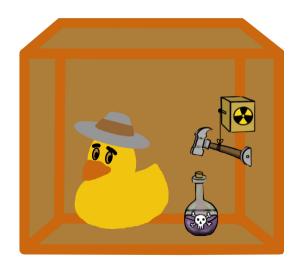






Quantum Privacy





#9 qRAM architecture (Shima Hassanpour)





It is a classical data lookup oracle with classical memory.

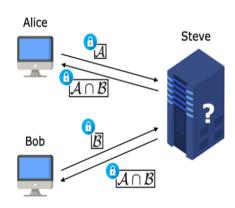
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- Is an interface between classical data and quantum algorithms.
- What is the real physical implementation ideas?

#10 Private Set Intersection (Shima Hassanpour)

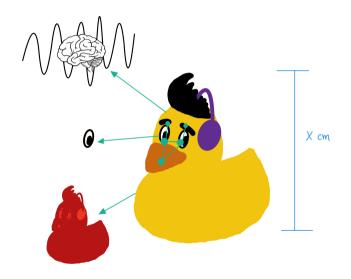


- ► PSI is a problem within the field of secure computation
- Two-party PSI, hold a set of m items: $A = \{a_1, \dots, a_m\}, B = \{b_1, \dots, b_m\}$
- ▶ The goal: obtain the intersection $A \cap B$.
- ► MPC
- Survey quantum approaches



Biometrics





#2 Privacy Protections for Mixed Reality (Simon Hanisch)



- Mixed reality, including virtual reality and augmented reality, offers new possibilities but also introduces new threats to the privacy of its users
- How can the privacy of users be protected in mixed reality?
- Goal: Perform a survey of existing privacy-protecting techniques for mixed reality
- Compare the found solution to existing privacy threats, are they already all addressed?





#7 Neural Mechanisms of Speech Processing (Matin Fallahi)



- ► What can brainwaves reveal about language tasks?
- How are these information extracted?
- How does state-of-the-art perform?



#8 Attacks on Biometric Authentication Systems (Matin Fallahi)



- What attacks compromise biometrics?
- How to mitigate them?
- How do they differ from traditional methods?



#9 A Literature-based Privacy Analysis of Event Cameras (Julian Todt)



- Event cameras are getting more common
- Privacy implications are unknown
 - Some claim higher privacy, others show identification potential
- Goal: Literature Review that leads to privacy analysis and comparison to traditional cameras



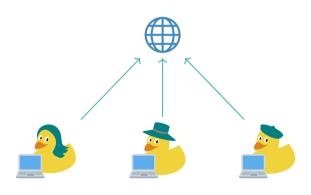






Resilient Networking





#12 Zero-trust: Verification first (Fritz Windisch)



- New threats on networks due to new technologies like IoT
- Attacks can come from any angle no one can be trusted
- ⇒ Design of networks following a zero-trust approach

Topic:

- Collect an overview over zero-trust
- Research current approaches and compare them
- Identify current gaps in research/future directions

#13 Network slicing: Isolation of network devices in software-defined networks (Fritz Windisch)



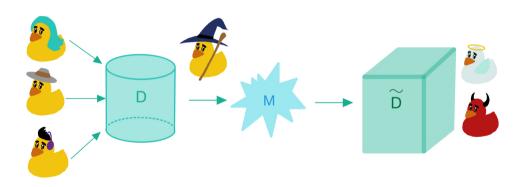
- ▶ Network slicing has become more attention following the 5G standards
- Network slicing isolates devices in groups to
 - Limit attack surface
 - Provide QoS guarantees
- ⇒ Will play a key role in applications like remote surgery and more

Topic:

- Give an overview over network slicing
- Research current solutions (single- and multi-domain)
- Compare the solutions found (concerning features, security and limitations)
- ▶ Identify current gaps in research/future directions

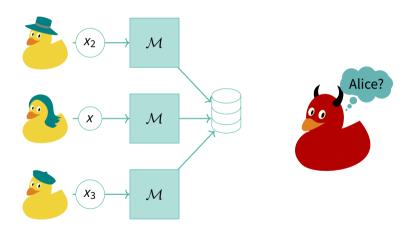
Statistical Disclosure Control





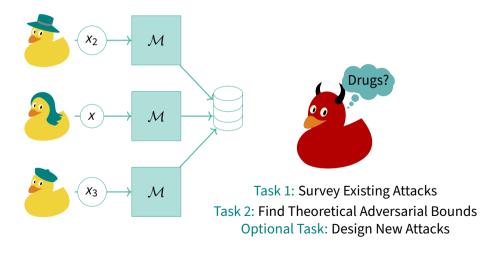
#3 Attack Resilience of DP (Patricia Guerra-Balboa)





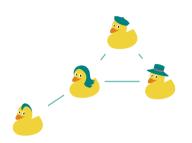
#3 Attack Resilience of DP (Patricia Guerra-Balboa)





#4 Correlation-based attacks against DP (Patricia Guerra-Balboa)







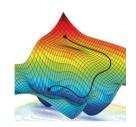


Task 1: Survey Existing Empirical Attacks
Task 2: Find Theoretical Adversarial Bounds
Optional Task: Focus on Trajectory data

#14 An Introduction to DP Stochastic Gradient Descent (Felix Morsbach)



- ► Stochastic gradient descent (SGD) is an iterative optimization algorithm for finding the parameters that provide the best fit between predicted and actual outputs, widely used in machine learning
- To prevent information leakage from trained models, differentially private versions of SGD exist
- However, there have been a multitude of approaches being proposed on how to make SGD differentially private





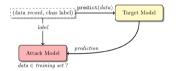
Develop a tutorial covering DP-SGD for machine learning. Explain how optimization algorithms can be made differentially private, especially how different DP composition theorems can be applied.

#15 Out of the Lab:



What Can Membership Inference Attacks Actually Do? (Felix Morsbach)

- Membership inference attacks are able to infer information about the data used for training machine learning models
- Much research focused on this topic and many demonstrations of this vulnerability exist, usually they are based academic or non-sensitive datasets



Whether (and how) these attacks in their current form actually pose privacy risks is debatable



Investigate the privacy implications a membership inference attack could have and assess whether current state-of-the-art membership inference attacks actually would be capable to cause such harm

Topic Preferences list



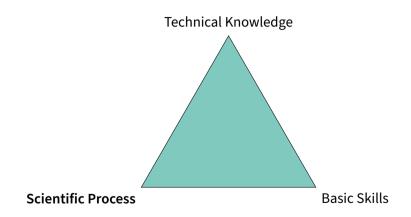
- ► Complete the formular: https://portal.wiwi.kit.edu/ys/7695
- Deadline: 30.10.2023 23:55
- You need to rank all the topics
- ▶ You need to rank at least one topic with 1,2,3,4 and 5 starts.



Figure 1: QR code to the formular https://ps.tm.kit.edu/english/139_887.php

Seminar goals







- 1. Pick topic
- 2. Make a contribution
- 3. Write and submit a paper
- 4. Get reviews from peers
- 5. Revise paper (and get accepted)
- 6. Present contribution at the conference





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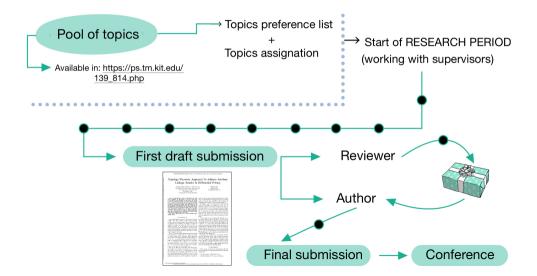
Our scientific conference



- 1. Pick topic (Choose from our selection)
- 2. Make a contribution: Find and read literature on your topic. Understand, compare, and analyze! Be critical! Obtain results!
- 3. Write and submit a paper. Think about structure, writing style...
- 4. Get reviews from peers Review other students' work
- 5. Revise paper (and get accepted)
- 6. Present contribution at the conference

Seminar Structure





Your Paper



- English
- No template
- No required number of pages (typically something between 6-10 pages)

Possible contributions:

systematization and comparison of existing results, discover flaws in existing works, suggest and argue ideas for new solutions or research directions and more...

Submitting and Reviewing





Figure 2: Web-based conference management system (EasyChair)

- Register: 2 roles (you can switch between). Author and Program Committee Member (after you accept our invitation).
- ▶ Submit (author role) via: https://easychair.org/conferences/?conf=sp2324
- Review (PC member role): Access to papers via EasyChair.
- Submitting reviews via EasyChair ("Reviews" → "My papers" → "Add review")

Giving & Receiving Feedback



Giving

You will review 2 papers



Receiving

You will receive 3 reviews

Presentations

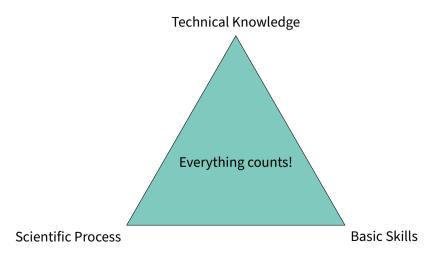


- English with slides
- 20 or 30 minutes of presentation (depends on the number of participants)
- ▶ 10 or 15 minutes of discussion (depends on the number of participants)
- Participate actively in the discussion of other topics



Evaluation & Grades





Evaluation & Grades





 $X_1 =$ written paper



 $X_2 = \text{Reviews}$



 $X_3 = Presentation$



 $X_4 = Participation$ in the Q&A

Final Grade:

$$0.4 * X_1 + 0.3 * X_3 + 0.2 * X_2 + 0.1 * X_4$$

Timeplan



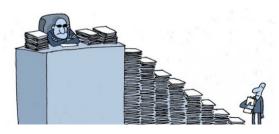
Date	Milestone
24.10.2023	Topic presentation
02.11.2023 9:45 - 11:15	Basic Skills
30.10.2023	Topic preferences due
30.10.2023	Topic assignment (contact your mentor!)
28.01.2024	Paper submission deadline
04.02.2024	Reviews deadline
11.02.2024	Revised paper deadline
\sim 20.02.2024	Presentation at our conference

Table 1: Timeplan updates in our webpage https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139_887.php

Bureaucracy



- ► Always inform if you decide to drop out!
- ► The deadline for abandoning the seminar is 28.01.2024. After this date, you will start to be evaluated and therefore it is not possible to quit.
- In case of problems with the campus system contact our secretary: hildegard.sauer@kit.edu



Getting information



Organization:

- These slides
- Email: patricia.balboa@kit.edu
- Course website https://ps.tm.kit.edu/139_814.php



Topic:

- Course website https://ps.tm.kit.edu/english/139_887.php
- ► Email to potential supervisors: https://ps.tm.kit.edu/english/21.php

Seminar Goals



